Integration Guide CUSTOMER

SAP SuccessFactors Learning
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# **Web Services for Open Content Network Partners**



# Content

1	What's New in Web Services for OCN	3
2	Open Content Network	4
2.1	Where Open Content Network Courses Reside	4
2.2	How MOOC Learning Items Differ from Internal Learning Items	4
2.3	How SAP SuccessFactors Learning sees MOOC Content	6
3	Connecting to a New Open Content Network Provider	7
4	Configuring SAML for OCN.	8
4.1	SAML IPD for SAP SuccessFactors Learning	9
5	Importing OCN Content References to SAP SuccessFactors Learning	. 11
5.1	Open Content Network Course Import Payload Example	11
5.2	Open Content Network Course Import Web Service Parameters	13
6	Sending Completion Status from an OCN Provider to SAP SuccessFactors Learning	17
6.1	Open Content Network Completion Status Payload Example	. 18
6.2	Open Content Network Completion Status Parameters	. 18
7	Getting an OAuth Token for Web Services	. 21
7.1	Background Knowledge for SAP SuccessFactors Learning Web Services	21
	Obtaining an OAuth Token For Learning Only Clients	. 22
	Overview of Testing Token Access	. 26
8	Administration for OCN Web Services	. 29
8.1	OCN Provider Codes	29
8.2	OPEN CONTENT NETWORK System Property File	. 30
8.3	Open Content Network Content Synchronization	. 34
8.4	SAP SuccessFactors Learning Currencies	. 35
8.5	Content Object Launch Methods	. 35
8.6	Locale Codes for SAP SuccessFactors Learning	. 36

# 1 What's New in Web Services for OCN

Keep track of the quarterly changes to how you connect SAP SuccessFactors Learning to Open Content Network (OCN) through web services.

### Q1 2016 - Present

Table 1: The following table summarizes recent changes to this guide

What's New	Description	More Info
Initial Publication	We combined together all web services that new OCN providers need for SAP SuccessFactors Learning We have not changed it after the initial publication.	

# 2 Open Content Network

Open Content Network (OCN) is a group of Massive Online Open Course (MOOC) partners who can provide content to SAP SuccessFactors Learning.

SAP SuccessFactors Learning created Open Content Network (OCN) to partner with Massive Online Open Course (MOOC) providers so that your employees can easily access their content from within your system. Employees can still take a MOOC with one of our providers outside the Learning Management System (LMS), but when you bring their courses into the LMS, you make it available for assignment, add it to catalogs, bundle it into a curriculum or program, or make it a part of your company's social learning through recommendations.

#### **Related Information**

How MOOC Learning Items Differ from Internal Learning Items [page 4]

# 2.1 Where Open Content Network Courses Reside

Open Content Network (OCN) content always exists on the provider's site.

Learning items that use content from a Massive Online Open Course (MOOC) reference the content that is served from on the MOOC provider's website. Importantly, SAP SuccessFactors Learning does **not** import the content. In fact, we treat MOOC content like any other training content: the Learning Management System (LMS) does **not** serve the content. Content is served from another server like iContent or the MOOC provider. The LMS of SAP SuccessFactors Learning tracks users' completion of the content but does not serve the content.

# 2.2 How MOOC Learning Items Differ from Internal Learning Items

Massive Open Online Course (MOOC) learning items differ slightly from internal learning items.

After administrators import courses through Open Content Network (OCN) into learning items in SAP SuccessFactors Learning, the learning items behave like other learning items: you can organize them into catalogs, assign them to programs, include them in assignment profiles, and so on. They do, however, differ from internal learning items in the following ways.

#### To Users, OCN Items Have Special Filters and Markers in Catalogs

OCN Courses appear mixed in with standard courses in users' catalogs. The catalogs do include some special ways to identify and filter OCN courses:

- Users see an icon in the course description that tells them the source of the content.
- Users can filter web courses by provider using the standard filter mechanism in Source.
- Users can click Category External to see only OCN courses.

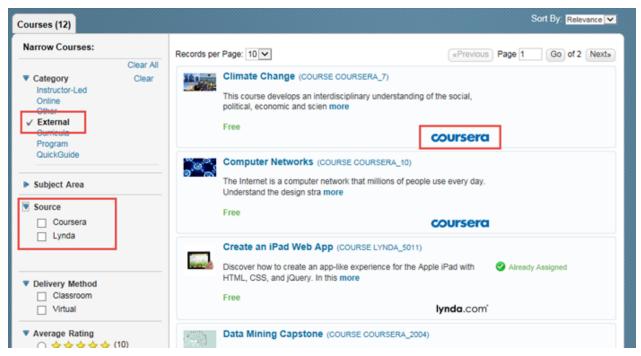


Figure 1: OCN Courses in Users' Learning Catalog

#### To Administrators, OCN Courses Have a Special Classification

The system assigns the learning item the system classification *EXTERNAL-COURSE*. This classification separates the content network courses from internal courses.

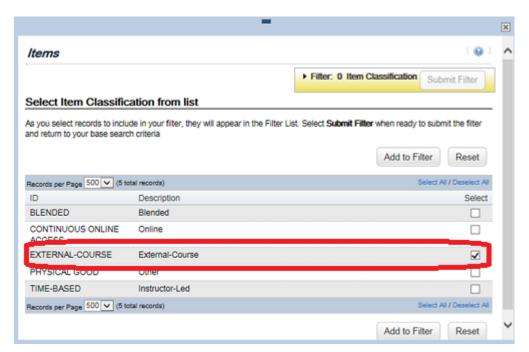


Figure 2: System Classification

# 2.3 How SAP SuccessFactors Learning sees MOOC Content

SAP SuccessFactors Learning defines Massive Online Open Courses (MOOC) as an entirely online course that seeks massive participation but that might or might not be free of charge.

In SAP SuccessFactors Learning, we define MOOC content as any very large, open course that takes place entirely online. It can be free or it might not be free of charge. As a customer, you might pay for access to some courses from a provider like Open Sesame and those course might be MOOC content. Or, you might integrate a free Kahn Academy course to a program or send it as a recommended link.

The only important distinction in MOOC content are the providers that are members of Open Content Network (OCN). To import MOOC content through OCN, your partner must be an approved provider. With an approved provider, we can import the MOOC content predictably and the provider can enable a SAML integration to pass users from SAP SuccessFactors Learning to the MOOC provider through single sign on.

# 3 Connecting to a New Open Content Network Provider

Open Content Network providers can connect to SAP SuccessFactors Learning through standard web services.

#### **Procedure**

- Connect to the SAML web service so that users pass through to the learning content as authenticated.
- Connect to the OCN import web service to download the providers' course list to SAP SuccessFactors Learning.
- Connect to the OCN completion web service so that the OCN provider can communicate that users have completed a course.

# 4 Configuring SAML for OCN

Set up Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) for Open Content Network (OCN) so that your users click an assignment and pass directly through to the content hosted at the OCN provider.

#### **Prerequisites**

Before you can begin using SAML integration between an OCN provider and SAP SuccessFactors Learning, you should have agreements with both parties:

- A license that covers OCN in SAP SuccessFactors Learning
- An agreement for SAML with the Open Content Network (OCN) vendor. Agreements differ by vendor.

#### Context

If you do **not** set up Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) integration between the third party provider and SAP SuccessFactors Learning, users must log in every time they click a link to content hosted on the provider's site. We recommend that you configure SAML integration between SAP SuccessFactors Learning and the provider so that when a user is authenticated to SAP SuccessFactors Learning, the user is **not** required to log in again at the provider's site.

#### **Procedure**

- 1. Provide your OCN vendor with the SAML Identity Provider Description (IPD), which is metadata that identifies SAP SuccessFactors Learning as legitimate under a certificate authority.
  - You need to give the IPD to the technical staff at provider. The IPD is a standard file, so they know how to use it in their system.
- 2. Request an organization ID from the provider.
  - Your provider might have a different name for this data, but it is the string that identifies your company on the provider's site. It is your unique ID that identifies your users from among all the users consuming the provider's courses.
- 3. Log in to SAP SuccessFactors Learning administration and then go to System Admin Configuration System Configuration OPEN CONTENT NETWORK.
- 4. In *OPEN CONTENT NETWORK*, locate this parameter: providers [<your provider>].orgID (where <your provider> is the OCN vendor you are connecting to.
- $5. \ \ \ Set the \ value \ of \ \texttt{providers} \ [<\texttt{your provider>}] \ . \ \ org \texttt{ID} \ to \ the \ organization \ ID \ that \ the \ vendor \ gave \ you.$

If your OCN provider is Lynda.com and your organization ID is ACME123, then you have:

```
providers[LYNDA].orgID=ACME123
```

6. Contact SAP SuccessFactors Learning operations to ask them to set up their SAML assertion URL for you.

#### **Related Information**

Where Open Content Network Courses Reside [page 4]
OPEN CONTENT NETWORK System Property File [page 30]

# 4.1 SAML IPD for SAP SuccessFactors Learning

When you connect SAP SuccessFactors Learning and an OCN vendor for single sign on, the vendor needs a sample of the SAML IPD (Identity Provider Description) metadata to identify SAP SuccessFactors Learning as a valid organization under a certificate authority.

```
写 Sample Code
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="yes"?>
<EntityDescriptor xmlns="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:metadata"</pre>
entityID="https://performancemanager5.successfactors.eu/sf/idp/SAML2/company/
dc121mspcp02P">
  <IDPSSODescriptor WantAuthnRequestsSigned="false"</pre>
protocolSupportEnumeration="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:protocol">
    <KeyDescriptor use="signing">
      <ds:KeyInfo xmlns:ds="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#">
        <ds:X509Data>
          <ds:X509Certificate>
MIICDTCCAXaqAwIBAqIETJj9LjANBqkqhkiG9w0BAQUFADBLMQswCQYDVQQGEwJVUzEbMBkGA1UE
ChMSU3VjY2Vzc2ZhY3RvcnMuY29tMQwwCqYDVQQLEwNPcHMxETAPBqNVBAMTCFNGIEFkbWluMB4X
DTEwMDkyMTE4NDUwMloXDTI1MDkxOTE4NDUwMlowSzELMAkGA1UEBhMCVVMxGzAZBgNVBAoTE1N1
Y2N1c3NmYWN0b3JzLmNvbTEMMAoGA1UECxMDT3BzMREwDwYDVQQDEwhTRiBBZG1pbjCBnzANBgkq
hkiG9w0BAQEFAAOBjQAwqYkCqYEArA9RLNnL9Pt6xynFfYfa8VXAXFDG9Y8xkqs31hIO1sjqEYwb
SoghiqJIJvfYM45kx3aB7ZrN96tAR5uUupEsu/GcS6ACxhfruW+BY6uw8v6/w2vXhBdfFjBoO+Ke
qQBeBCSMFnY8TB6jtWoSP/lorBudhptqvO7/3r+1/QK0hdk6CVv+VQmSilNPqWVqU9ktZGbNkZhw
IgwnqIQHAi6631ufkYQJB+48YUe1q/pv6EWaeIwGvcGYSXZp/E/aGZPtceTIXFPfqOyHQoFtb0nq
MMFWoDhpXUHmlroyTc9sJq==
          </ds:X509Certificate>
        </ds:X509Data>
      </ds:KeyInfo>
    </KeyDescriptor>
    <SingleSignOnService
Binding="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:bindings:HTTP-POST"
Location="https://performancemanager5.successfactors.eu/sf/idp/SAML2/SSO/POST/
company/dc12lmspcp02P"/>
    <SingleSignOnService
Binding="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:bindings:HTTP-Redirect"
Location="https://performancemanager5.successfactors.eu/sf/idp/SAML2/SSO/Redirect/
company/dc12lmspcp02P"/>
    <SingleLogoutService
Binding="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:bindings:HTTP-POST"
Location="https://performancemanager5.successfactors.eu/sf/idp/SAML2/slo/POST"/>
```

#### **Related Information**

Configuring SAML for OCN [page 8]

# 5 Importing OCN Content References to SAP SuccessFactors Learning

Import Online Content Network (OCN) references to SAP SuccessFactors Learning so that SAP SuccessFactors Learning administrators can create trackable units of learning from the OCN courses.

#### **Prerequisites**

Before you can begin importing content references from an OCN provider to SAP SuccessFactors Learning, you should have agreements with both parties:

- A license that covers OCN in SAP SuccessFactors Learning
- An agreement for importing content with the Open Content Network (OCN) vendor. Agreements differ by vendor.

#### **Procedure**

- 1. Get an OAuth token so that you can authenticate to SAP SuccessFactors Learning.
- 2. Use the payload examples and parameter descriptions to build a client that posts the content.

#### **Related Information**

Obtaining an OAuth Token [page 23]
Generating a Client Secret to Enable Token Requests [page 22]
Open Content Network Course Import Payload Example [page 11]
Open Content Network Course Import Web Service Parameters [page 13]

# 5.1 Open Content Network Course Import Payload Example

```
"providerID": "LYNDA",
"status": "ACTIVE",
"title":[
      "locale": "English",
      "value": "Poetic Computers"
"description":[
   {
      "locale": "English",
      "value": "People often think that they can tell the difference between art and imitation, but can we really
      tell the difference? What if computers wrote our poetry?"
"thumbnailURI": "https://<root>.com/images/poem.jpg",
"content":[
      "providerID": "LYNDA",
      "launchURL": "http://<root>/can a computer write poetry",
      "contentTitle": "Poetic Computers",
      "contentID": "37f766bb-5e96-4c29-82d6-ee1c5bd887fb",
      "launchType":2,
      "mobileEnabled":false,
      "mobileLaunchURL":null
"price":[
   {
      "currency":"USD",
      "value":12.00
      "currency": "INR",
      "value":222.00
"schedule":[
      "startDate":1451556622000,
      "endDate":1427796622000,
      "active":true,
      "duration": "12 weeks"
"revisionNumber":1,
"duration": "18 minutes"
"courseID":"LDA-100",
"providerID":"LYNDA",
"status":"ACTIVE",
"title":[
      "locale": "English",
      "value": "Creativity in Scarcity"
"description":[
      "locale": "English",
      "value": "How often have you said that you had to
      get creative to solve a problem because you lacked
      resources? Getting creative often happens when you
      encounter scarcity."
```

```
"thumbnailURI": "https://<root>/images/piano.jpg",
       "content":[
          {
              "providerID": "TED",
              "launchURL": "http://<root>/_messy_problems_inspire",
              "contentTitle": "Creativity in Scarcity",
"contentID": "37f766bb-5e96-4c29-82d6-ee1c5bd887fb",
              "launchType":2,
              "mobileEnabled":false,
              "mobileLaunchURL":null
       "price":[
          {
              "currency": "USD",
              "value":12.00
              "currency":"INR",
              "value":222.00
      ],
"schedule":[
          {
              "startDate":1451556622000,
              "endDate":1427796622000,
              "active":true,
              "duration": "12 weeks"
       "revisionNumber":1,
       "duration":"18 minutes"
]
```

# **5.2 Open Content Network Course Import Web Service Parameters**

Open Content Network (OCN) providers can post a set of courses to SAP SuccessFactors Learning so that customers can convert them to learning items (assignable units of learning).

To post courses to SAP SuccessFactors Learning:

```
POST /learning/odatav4/public/admin/ocn/v1/OcnCourses
```

Table 2: Open Content Network Course Import Web Service

Parameter	Description
courseID	This is the OCN provider's unique ID for the course. It is required so that SAP Success- Factors Learning can maintain a map between learning items and OCN courses.

Parameter	Description
providerID	This is the unique ID of the provider as set in SAP SuccessFactors Learning. It is required.
status	The status of the course. Values can be ACTIVE, INACTIVE, or DELETED. If it is not passed, the system defaults to ACTIVE.
title	An array of titles for the course. Each member of the array is the title in a language. For example:
	<pre>{ "locale":"English", "value":"Can a computer write poetry?" }</pre>
	The locale member is a string that uniquely identifies the locale in SAP SuccessFactors Learning.
	The array must have at least one member (you must have at least one title in one language).
description	An array of descriptions for the course. Each member of the array is the description in a language. For example:
	<pre>{ "locale":"English", "value":"If you read a poem and feel moved by it, but then find out it was actually written by a computer, would you feel differently about the experience?" }</pre>
	The locale member is a string that uniquely identifies the locale in SAP SuccessFactors Learning.
	The array must have at least one member (you must have at least one description in one language).
thumbnailURI	A URI to an image that is the icon for the course. Thumbnails help users recognize the course or the series of courses.
content	An array of content sections for the course. For example, if a course is broken into three videos, you create an array of three members, one for each video.
providerID	Part of the content array. This provider ID almost always matches the provider ID from earlier in the call. But it provides the flexibility for partnerships.
launchURL	Part of the content array. This is the URL that users would click to launch this part of the course.

Parameter	Description
contentTitle	Part of the content array. This is the title for the section of the content. For example, the title for the <b>course</b> can be Artificial Intelligence and Creativity, but the section titles can be Defining Creativity, Can you Create Creativity? and so on.
	Each member of the array is the title in a language. For example:
	<pre>{ "locale":"English", "value":"Can you Create Creativity?" }</pre>
	The locale member is a string that uniquely identifies the locale in SAP SuccessFactors Learning.
	The array must have at least one member (you must have at least one title in one language).
contentID	Part of the content array. The unique ID for the section of content.
launchType	Part of the content array. This is one of the allowed launch types.
mobileEnabled	Part of the content array. It is a Boolean. If set to true, then the course can be launched on a mobile device.
mobileLaunchURL	Part of the content array. If mobileEnabled is set to true, and if the mobile URL is different from launchURL, then you can provide the URL that launches the mobile content.
price	An array of prices in different currencies. We use ISO 4217 for our currency codes.  For example:
	<pre>{ "currency":"USD", "value":12.00 }, { "currency":"INR", "value":222.00 }</pre>
schedule	An array of scheduling information that tells users when the course is available. These are windows when the course is open.
startDate	Part of the schedule array. It is the Unix Epoch date that the course begins its availability.
endDate	Part of the schedule array. It is the Unix Epoch date that the course ends its availability.
active	Part of the schedule array. It is a Boolean that indicates availability. If true, then the course is currently available.

Parameter	Description
duration	Part of the schedule array. It is a string that users read to know how long the course lasts.
revisionNumber	This is the incremental revision of the course. If you do not provide one, the system defaults to 1.
duration	This duration is outside the schedule array. If a schedule array member is missing a duration, the system uses this one for that member of the array.

### **Related Information**

Locale Codes for SAP SuccessFactors Learning [page 36]
Content Object Launch Methods [page 35]
Open Content Network Course Import Payload Example [page 11]
OCN Provider Codes [page 29]

# 6 Sending Completion Status from an OCN Provider to SAP SuccessFactors Learning

When SAP SuccessFactors Learning users complete an Open Content Network (OCN) course that is hosted at the OCN partner's site, the partner can send a completion message back to SAP SuccessFactors Learning so that Learning Management System (LMS) can post their completion.

#### **Prerequisites**

Before you can begin sending completion status from an OCN provider to SAP SuccessFactors Learning, you should have agreements with both parties:

- A license that covers OCN in SAP SuccessFactors Learning.
- An agreement for sending completion status from the Open Content Network (OCN) vendor. Agreements
  differ by vendor.

The agreement should describe data that the provider is responsible for storing and for how long. For example, the provider must store the SAP SuccessFactors user ID. The provider can get the user ID from a SAML sign in or from a native sign in, but the provider should store it for at least the length of the session. To mark the user complete, the provider must provide that user's SAP SuccessFactors user ID. For a full list of what the provider might store, look at the parameters that the provider can send back for completion status. Open Content Network Completion Status Parameters [page 18]

#### **Procedure**

- 1. Get an OAuth token so that you can authenticate to SAP SuccessFactors Learning.
- 2. Use the payload examples and parameter descriptions to build a client that posts completion status.

#### **Related Information**

Where Open Content Network Courses Reside [page 4]

# 6.1 Open Content Network Completion Status Payload Example

```
{
    "userID": "<USERID>",
    "courseID":"<COURSEID>",
    "providerID":<PROVIDERID>,
    "courseCompleted":"true",
    "completedTimestamp":<COMPLETEDTIMESTAMP>,
    "instructorName":"<InstructorName>",
    "grade":"<grade>",
    "totalHours":"<TOTALHOURS>",
    "creditHours":<CREDITHOURS>,
    "contactHours":<CONTACTHOURS>,
    "comments":<CPE>,
    "comments":<COMMENTS>,
    "price":<PRICE>,
    "currency":<CURRENCY>
}
```

# **6.2 Open Content Network Completion Status Parameters**

These parameters contain the information that mark courses complete from Online Content Network (OCN) to SAP SuccessFactors Learning.

Table 3: OCN Completion Status Parameters

Parameter	Description
userID	This is the SAP SuccessFactors Learning user ID for the user who completed the course. The OCN provider can get the user ID through a sign-in channel. For example, from a SAML integration or from a native sign-in at their site. It could also be that the user IDs are mapped: that the SAP SuccessFactors Learning user ID is the same as the OCN provider's user ID. Regardless, the user ID is required.
courseID	This is the provider's course ID. SAP SuccessFactors Learning maintains a map between the provider's course ID and the SAP SuccessFactors Learning learning item ID.  The map is maintained by the Open Content Network Content Synchronization automatic process, so be sure that a learning administrator schedules it for you. If it does not run regularly, then the provider's data becomes out of sync with the SAP SuccessFactors Learning data.
providerID	The unique ID for the OCN provider from the list of OCN provider codes.

Parameter	Description
courseCompleted	This is a Boolean. It can be set to true to indicate that the user completed the course or false if they did not. How you define "completion" is up to your agreement. You might define "completion" to mean that the user simply finished the course or you might define it to mean that the user finished the course and passed the exams.
completedTimestamp	This is the Unix Epoch time that the user completed the course. SAP SuccessFactors Learning uses this completion date for the audit trail of users' completion.
instructorName	The instructor's name as passed by the provider. The instructor's name is <b>not</b> validated against the list of internal instructors because we do not track providers' instructors. By passing an instructor name, you help SAP SuccessFactors Learning users and their supervisors remember the courses. For example, during a performance review, they might talk about accomplishments like completing a course by a renowned instructor.
grade	This is the grade in the course. We do not validate this grade for completion status or rating scales. It is any string that describes the grade that the user earned <b>as the OCN provider</b> sets the grades.
totalHours	The total hours that a user earns for completing a course.
	Hours can be important to individual SAP SuccessFactors Learning customers and so a customer can ask a provider to store the hours for courses or to make a tally from data that the provider already has. For example, for total hours, a customer could ask the provider to sum the hours that a user spent watching videos (the length of the videos) and listening to live Q&A sessions (the length of the sessions).
creditHours	Credit hours are the number of hours that a user earns for completing a learning event. For example, in many U.S. colleges, students attend a single class for 15 weeks, 3 days each week, and 1 hour each day. In this case, the total hours equals 45; however, the college grants 3 <b>credit hours</b> for this class.
	Hours can be important to individual SAP SuccessFactors Learning customers and so a customer can ask a provider to store the hours for courses or to make a tally from data that the provider already has. For example, a provider might list its own credit hours and report those hours to a customer.
contactHours	Contact hours are the total number of hours that you expect a user to have contact with an instructor. For example, if you set up a blended learning item that has 8 total hours and, for 6 of those hours, you expect the user to be in an instructor-led segment, then the contact hours equals 6.
	Hours can be important to individual SAP SuccessFactors Learning customers and so a customer can ask a provider to store the hours for courses or to make a tally from data that the provider already has. For example, for contact hours, a customer could ask the provider to sum the hours that a user spent in contact with the instructor through live Q&A sessions (the length of the sessions) but not the hours that a user spent watching videos (the length of the videos).

Parameter	Description
cpeHours	CPE is an abbreviation for "Continuing Professional Education" and refers to learning activities that users perform to maintain and expand the skills that their profession demands. Therefore, CPE hours are very much like credit hours, but the accumulation of CPE hours often leads to a professional certification.
	Hours can be important to individual SAP SuccessFactors Learning customers and so a customer can ask a provider to store the hours for courses or to make a tally from data that the provider already has. For CPE hours, it is likely that the provider already knows the hours for professional certification or that the customer and provider come to an agreement about the hours.
comments	This is a string for any comments about the completion.
price	Depending on the agreement between the provider and customer, users can purchase based on a subscription or can purchase individual courses. If users purchase individual courses, the customer and provider agree on prices. This parameter allows the provider to pass the price for the course back to SAP SuccessFactors Learning.  Remember that the completion status can be either true or false, so the provider can
	pass prices for incomplete courses. Structure your agreement to account for complete and incomplete courses.
currency	This is the currency of the price.

### **Related Information**

SAP SuccessFactors Learning Currencies [page 35] OCN Provider Codes [page 29]

# 7 Getting an OAuth Token for Web Services

# 7.1 Background Knowledge for SAP SuccessFactors Learning Web Services

SAP SuccessFactors Learning web services are unique within SAP SuccessFactors, which use a RESTful interface, and pass JSON objects.

#### **URL Conventions**

The root URL is the URL you type into a browser to open the log in page, like https://acme.successfactors.com. As a convention, we often remove the root and begin with /learning. Your root URL is the same URL that you see when you open SAP SuccessFactors Learning administration.

### **Deprecation of First Generation RESTful Web Services**

As of May 5, 2015, all new customer / new web services implementations are required to use OData APIs for integrations. The old RESTful web services, which were **not** based on OData, will continue to be supported (but not enhanced). They will be supported for customers who already implemented a solution based on the old RESTful APIs before May 5, 2015.

#### **About OAuth**

OAuth is a widely accepted framework for limited machine-to-machine data sharing. Full log in credentials are not stored or shared on the client machine. Instead, the client and server share a token that allows the client access to only a limited set of data and methods on the data. The process of gaining a token and its policy creates trust between the two servers. You can learn more about OAuth on its web site.

### **About SAP SuccessFactors Learning Web Services**

SAP SuccessFactors Learning web services follow standard RESTful conventions, OData conventions, and HTTP 1.1 conventions. If we do not advise you about an issue, parameter, or convention, please follow industry best practices. Before starting a project, we recommend that you speak to a SAP SuccessFactors Learning technical services representative.

# 7.1.1 Obtaining an OAuth Token For Learning Only Clients

If you are a customer using SAP SuccessFactors Learning but not other SAP SuccessFactors products, you have an alternate way of getting a token.

An authentication token establishes trust and limited access between two machines. The two machines in this case are the SAP SuccessFactors Learning server and your web service client application. Importantly, the trust is established between the client and the Learning server, not the client and the SAP SuccessFactors. For this reason, Learning only clients obtain the token differently from clients for customers that have Learning plus other SAP SuccessFactors products.

#### i Note

If you are using other SAP SuccessFactors products follow the steps required to get a token to the SAP SuccessFactors suite.

## 7.1.1.1 Generating a Client Secret to Enable Token Requests

You generate a client secret from the SAP SuccessFactors Learning administration environment so that the web service client can obtain tokens.

#### **Prerequisites**

- You are a SAP SuccessFactors Learning administrator.
- You have access to the workflow that allows you to generate client secrets.

#### Context

You generate client secrets when you are building a web service client to SAP SuccessFactors Learning. It is the first step to authenticating to the web services. After you obtain a client secret, the web service client uses it to get OAuth tokens.

#### **Procedure**

- 1. Log in to the SAP SuccessFactors Learning administration environment for your tenant and go to System Admin Configuration OAuth Token Server.
- Click Generate a new Client Secret.
   SAP SuccessFactors Learning generates a client secret, a client secret has value, and a public key.

- 3. Copy the values on the page.
- 4. Make the results available to the person developing web service clients to SAP SuccessFactors Learning.

#### **Next Steps**

- The values on this page are the keys that open access to LMS web services. Transmit them securely according to your organization's security policy.
- If you generate a new client secret, you invalidate all previously generated ones. If you have clients that are using a previously generated secret to gain a token, you must update the client to use the new secret.
- The secret is not stored, so if you lose it, you need to generate another. When you navigate away from OAuth Token Server page, the secret disappears from the page.

## 7.1.1.2 Obtaining an OAuth Token

You obtain an OAuth token at the beginning of every web service session by using the client secret that a SAP SuccessFactors Learning administrator generated for you.

#### Context

You obtain an OAuth token to verify that your client is authorized to communicate with SAP SuccessFactors Learning.

#### **Procedure**

1. Concatenate the client ID and secret, separated by a colon.

For example, if the client ID is t1 and the secret is 52d85f24492ff918dcd1935a45a9d34acd79e249fe331753c6e0105b109e034a then the result is:

t1:52d85f24492ff918dcd1935a45a9d34acd79e249fe331753c6e0105b109e034a

2. Encode the concatenated client ID and secret with base64 encoding.

For example, the following concatenation:

t1:52d85f24492ff918dcd1935a45a9d34acd79e249fe331753c6e0105b109e034a

#### Encodes to:

dDE6NTJkODVmMjQ0OTJmZjkxOGRjZDE5MzVhNDVhOWQzNGFjZDc5ZTI0OWZlMzMxNzUzYzZlMDEwNWIxMDllMDM0YQ==

3. Over HTTPS, call the token granting service.

Sample call to the token granting service:

```
POST {root}/learning/oauth-api/rest/v1/token
```

4. Pass the encoded client ID and client secret in the request header.

Sample header:

```
Authorization: Basic <encoded token from previous step>
```

SAP SuccessFactors Learning web services follow HTTP 1.1 standard, so for all other HTTP header parameters, use them to industry best practices and HTTP 1.1 standards. For example, set content-type to application/json.

- 5. Pass required OAuth token parameters.
- 6. Check the response header, which is either 200: OK or an error with the HTTP error code.
- 7. Store the information in response body for subsequent calls. You must provide the authorization token in the header of subsequent calls, and the expiration and type information helps you to manage the lifecycle of the token.

# 7.1.1.2.1 Required OAuth Token Parameters

When you make a call to obtain an OAuth token from SAP SuccessFactors Learning, these parameters are required.

When you make a call to SAP SuccessFactors Learning to obtain a token, you must pass the following parameters in the body of the request:

```
"grant_type":"client_credentials",
"scope":{
    "userId":"Usr1",
    "companyId":"t1",
    "userType":"user",
    "resourceType":"learning_public_api"
}
```

Where:

#### grant\_type

For the scope of client web services, it is always client\_credentials.

scope

An object that describes the scope of access by a user that must exist on the specified tenant.

userld

The requested token's user ID

#### companyld

The tenant ID, which you can find the tenant ID in a number of locations, including the page that generates the client ID and secret.

#### userType

If the user is an "of type" administrator, then the value is "admin" or "A." If the user is an of type user, then the value is "user" or "P." We recommend spelling the type out (admin or user) to make the type clear.

#### resourceType

For the scope of this document, it is always "learning-public-api."

The call returns:

```
{
issuedAt:<epoch UTC>,
expiresIn: <epoch UTC>,
,
issuedFor: "learning_public_api",
access_token: "<token>"
}
```

Where:

#### issuedAt

The time, in Unix epoch, at which the token was issued.

#### expires\_in

The time, in Unix epoch, at which the token expires. Use this to understand when you need to call for another token.

#### issuedFor

The issued resource's resource type. For the purposes of web services to SAP SuccessFactors Learning, it is "learning\_public\_api."

# 7.1.1.2.2 Rules and Advice for Getting OAuth Tokens

Follow these rules and this advice when you get OAuth tokens for SAP SuccessFactorsLearning.

#### **Rules for Obtaining an OAuth Token**

- For a user to obtain a token, the user's account must be:
  - Validated: Users must have a recognized ID and Password for the LMS.
  - o Unlocked: Locked users cannot obtain tokens.
  - o Active: Inactivated users cannot obtain tokens.
- The token is valid only for the amount of time expressed in the field expiresIn. After a token expires, clients must obtain an unexpired token.

### **Recommendations for Obtaining and Using Tokens**

We recommend that you store the token on the client until it expires.

- The token is digitally signed and you have a public key to validate the digital signature.
- If the token remains valid and unexpired, it can be reused for the session.
- When the token expires or is otherwise invalid, you can repeat the steps to obtain a token.

### 7.1.2 Overview of Testing Token Access

Before you build your client, test your ability to get tokens from SAP SuccessFactorsLearning. This topic provides a brief overview of the test.

Test your access to getting tokens from SAP SuccessFactorsLearning so that you know you have basic access before you build a web service client. To do the access test, you can use any rest client and encoding tool, but we recommend Advanced Rest Client (from the Chrome store) and any free online base64 encoding tool.

To run the test, you follow the same steps that your web service client will follow (generating a client secret then obtaining a token) but you do it first from a visual client like Advanced Rest Client.

#### **Related Information**

Generating a Client Secret to Enable Token Requests [page 22]
Obtaining an OAuth Token [page 23]

# 7.1.2.1 Setting up the Token Access Test

You set up the token access test by getting a client secret from SAP SuccessFactors Learning and encoding it and by getting client software that can make web service calls for you.

#### **Procedure**

- Download and install Advanced Rest Client from the Chrome web store
   Although you can use any client, these instructions assume Advanced Rest Client.
- 2. Go to SAP SuccessFactors Learning System Admin Configuration OAuth Token Server and generate a client secret.
- 3. Copy the client ID, client secret, and client hash from the web page and paste them into a text file so that you can refer to them later.
  - Although the hash isn't strictly necessary, you can use it to see if someone has changed the secret while you have been testing.
- 4. Go to an online base64 encoder and encode the client ID and secret.
  - The encoding is the client ID and the secret separated by a colon: <client ID>:<client secret> A base64 encoded client ID and secret.

- 5. Copy the base 64 encoded client ID and secret from the online encoder to your text file so that you can refer to it later.
- 6. Save the text file.

#### Results

You have a text file with everything you need for your test:

- The raw client ID from the OAuth Token Server page.
- The raw client secret from the OAuth Token Server page.
- The client hash from the OAuth Token Server page.
- The base64 encoded client ID and secret from the online encoder.

## 7.1.2.2 Testing OAuth Token Access

Test OAuth token access to SAP SuccessFactors Learning before you begin building your web service client so that you know access works.

#### **Prerequisites**

- You have set up the token access test by getting the client secret and base64 encoded client secret.
- You have downloaded a web service client like Advanced Rest Client (from the Chrome store).

#### **Procedure**

- 1. Open Advanced Rest Client.
- 2. In the URL box, type: https://<root url>/learning/oauth-api/rest/v1/token. Substitute "<root url> for your root URL domain.
- 3. Select POST from the methods list.
- 4. Select Form in the Headers section.
  - a. Add Request Header Name: Authorization
  - b. Add Request Header Value: Bearer <encoded client ID and secret from the test set up>
- 5. Create the JSON payload for the *Payload* section.

```
"grant_type":"client_credentials",
"scope":{
    "userId":"Usr1",
    "companyId":"t1",
    "userType":"user",
    "resourceType":"learning_public_api"
```

}

#### Where:

#### grant\_type

For the scope of client web services, it is always client\_credentials.

#### scope

An object that describes the scope of access by a user that must exist on the specified tenant.

#### userld

The requested token's user ID

#### companyld

The tenant ID, which you can find the tenant ID in a number of locations, including the page that generates the client ID and secret.

#### userType

If the user is an "of type" administrator, then the value is "admin" or "A." If the user is an of type user, then the value is "user" or "P." We recommend spelling the type out (admin or user) to make the type clear.

#### resourceType

For the scope of this document, it is always "learning-public-api."

- 6. Set content type to application/json.
- 7. Click Send.

# 8 Administration for OCN Web Services

### 8.1 OCN Provider Codes

Online Content Network (OCN) provider codes are the unique IDs that SAP SuccessFactors Learning uses to identify supported providers.

If you do not see a provider code listed here, you can check **your** configuration by logging in to SAP SuccessFactors Learning administration and then going to System Admin Configuration System Configuration OPEN CONTENT NETWORK. The provider codes are bracketed in your configuration file. For example, LYNDA is a provider code because you see it in brackets in the configuration file: providers [LYNDA] .enabled.

Table 4: OCN Provider Codes

Code	Provider
COURSERA	Coursera
OPENHPI	openHPI
OPENSESAME	OpenSesame
LYNDA	Lynda.com
UDACITY	Udacity
HARVARDMM	Harvard Manage Mentor

# 8.2 OPEN CONTENT NETWORK System Property File

After you sign agreements with content providers, you configure the Open Content Network to connect SAP SuccessFactors Learning to the provider.

## **Enabling the System and the Providers**

Table 5:

This property	Is Used As Follows
enableWebCoursesTabInCatalogSearch	Set to <b>true</b> to enable the Web Courses tab in the end users' learning catalog pages. All MOOC courses appear on this tab. Set to <b>false</b> to disable the tab. When you disable the tab, you disable all user access to the MOOC courses: if they cannot see the tab, they cannot see the courses.
<pre>providers[<specific name="" provider="">].*</specific></pre>	Do not change any value for a property that starts with providers unless you are directed to so so by a SAP SuccessFactors Learning representative. There are two exceptions to this rule, and they are described in the rows below.
<pre>providers[<specific name="" provider="">].enabled</specific></pre>	By default, all providers are disabled (this property is set to <b>false</b> . Set to <b>true</b> to enable the provider after you sign an agreement.
providers[LYNDA].orgID	The provider Lynda.com provides its customers with an organization ID, as a way to organize its customers. You find the organization ID in your agreement. Paste the organization ID as the value of providers [LYNDA] .orgID.
<pre>providers[<specific name="" provider="">].fetchDeltaOnly</specific></pre>	When set to <b>true</b> , the system fetches changes to the provider's catalog instead of the entire catalog. Administrators see the catalog in <i>Learning Content Network</i> .
	You can set this property to <b>false</b> to do a first import. After the Automatic Process Manager (APM) System Admin Automatic Processes Open Content Network Content  Synchronization runs the first time, you can set it to <b>true</b>
	to import only the changes. Remember that this property is per provider, so run a full fetch (set it to <b>false</b> for the first run of the APM) each time you add a provider.

This property	Is Used As Follows
<pre>providers[<specific name="" provider="">].pricingModel</specific></pre>	providers [ <specific name="" provider="">].pricingModel determines the pricing model of the provider. Valid values are:</specific>
	<ul> <li>A value of null means that the provider falls back on whatever pricing you have configured in Commerce or falls back on free courses. If you want to use OCN with SAP SuccessFactors Learning commerce, then type null. If you plan to offer all courses for free, type null.</li> <li>If you want to publish the price of an OCN course on users' catalogs and allow them to pay for it a la carte from the OCN provider, type RETAIL. The provider must have an a la carte option. Companies can use this, for example, if they tell users to charge the course to a credit card and submit it in an expense report. The transaction takes place outside SAP SuccessFactors Learning, but we do show the pricing information so that users can make informed decisions. You cannot use Commerce if you select a retail model.</li> <li>If you signed up under a provider's subscription model, type SUBSCRIPTION. Subscription are allowed to take the course. Billing takes place under your provider's subscrip-</li> </ul>
	tion agreement. You cannot use Commerce if you choose a subscription model.
providers[OPENSESAME].config.appKey	OpenSesame requires a tenant ID, an app key, and a secret key. With an OpenSesame account, you can retrieve the information at https://www.opensesame.com/OCN
providers[OPENSESAME].config.secretKey	OpenSesame requires a tenant ID, an app key, and a secret key. With an OpenSesame account, you can retrieve the information at https://www.opensesame.com/OCN
providers[OPENSESAME].config.tenantID	OpenSesame requires a tenant ID, an app key, and a secret key. With an OpenSesame account, you can retrieve the information at https://www.opensesame.com/OCN

## **Setting Default Import Values**

When you import content from a provider to SAP SuccessFactors Learning, each course becomes a learning item in your system. The following properties define the default values when the system creates the learning item. The default values are the recommended values for most customers (the most common configuration case). The provider ID is a part of the provider's configuration such as providers [OPENSESAME] .enabled=false.

#### Table 6:

rable 6.	
This Property	Is Used as Follows
defaultValues.domainID[default]	This value is the default security domain of learning items created from importing MOOC content. The bracket default is what the system falls back to if you do not include the provider name, for example, OPENSESAME. To do so, simply copy the property and replace 'default' with your provider, for example, OPENSESAME.
defaultValues.crossDomainEnabled[default]	This value determines whether cross domain support (CDS) is enabled on the content. CDS is supported for Lynda only, and to use it, you must set up CDS. To set up CDS, read the <i>Integration - Learning and Cross-Domain Content Servers</i> document for your release. The bracket default is what the system falls back to if you do not include the provider name, for example, OPENSESAME. To do so, simply copy the property and replace 'default' with your provider, for example, OPENSESAME.
defaultValues.enableMobileAccess[default]	This value is the default value for the flag that enables mobile learning access for the learning items. If you want users to access the MOOC content only through a browser on laptops, set to false. The bracket default is what the system falls back to if you do not include the provider name, for example, OPENSESAME. To do so, simply copy the property and replace 'default' with your provider, for example, OPENSESAME.
defaultValues.isOnline[default]	This is the default setting for the flag that allows users to access the learning item. If you want to import MOOC content but you want to hide it until you have a chance to review each learning item, set the value to <code>false</code> . To reduce your review workload, set to <code>true</code> . The bracket default is what the system falls back to if you do not include the provider name, for example, OPENSESAME. To do so, simply copy the property and replace 'default' with your provider, for example, OPENSESAME.
defaultValues.isApprovalRequired[default]	This is the default setting for the flag that either requires or does not require approval to take a course. The idea of MOOC courses is that are highly available to your users, so in most cases, you should set to <code>false</code> . You can always set individual learning items to require approval later. Set to <code>true</code> to require, by default, approval to launch MOOC courses. The bracket default is what the system falls back to if you do not include the provider name, for example, OPENSESAME. To do so, simply copy the property and replace 'default' with your provider, for example, OPENSESAME.

This Property	Is Used as Follows
defaultValues.processDefinitionID[default]	If you require an approval process by default in isApprovalRequired, then you create a default approval process and paste the ID as the value of this property. The bracket default is what the system falls back to if you do not include the provider name, for example, OPENSESAME. To do so, simply copy the property and replace 'default' with your provider, for example, OPENSESAME.
<pre>defaultValues.isSupervisorCanRecordLearnin gEvents[default]</pre>	This is the default setting for the flag that allows supervisors to record learning events on the learning item. The idea of MOOC courses is that they are highly available to your users, so we recommend setting this to <b>true</b> . You can always override the default value for individual learning items. The bracket default is what the system falls back to if you do not include the provider name, for example, OPENSESAME. To do so, simply copy the property and replace 'default' with your provider, for example, OPENSESAME.
defaultValues.isUserCanRecordLearningEvent s[default]	This is the default setting for the flag that allows end users to record learning events on the learning item. The idea of MOOC courses is that they are highly available to your users, so we recommend setting this to <b>true</b> . You can always override the default value for individual learning items. The bracket default is what the system falls back to if you do not include the provider name, for example, OPENSESAME. To do so, simply copy the property and replace 'default' with your provider, for example, OPENSESAME.
defaultValues.currencyCode[default]	If you set up commerce for MOOC content and if you do not want to use the default currency code, then provide an alternative currency code here. The currency code is the ID from  **References** Commerce** Currencies**. The bracket default is what the system falls back to if you do not include the provider name, for example, OPENSESAME. To do so, simply copy the property and replace 'default' with your provider, for example, OPENSESAME.
defaultValues.itemType[default]	This is the default learning item type value for learning items created from importing MOOC content. Item type is sometimes confused with item classification. Item types are enumerated in References Learning Item Types The bracket default is what the system falls back to if you do not include the provider name, for example, OPENSESAME. To do so, simply copy the property and replace 'default' with your provider, for example, OPENSESAME.

This Property	Is Used as Follows
<pre>defaultValues.itemCompletionStatus[default ]</pre>	This is the default value for completion status of the learning items created from importing MOOC content. This value is useful in two circumstances: when the value of markCompleteOnLaunch is set to <b>true</b> or when crossDomainEnabled is set to <b>true</b> . The bracket default is what the system falls back to if you do not include the provider name, for example, OPENSESAME. To do so, simply copy the property and replace 'default' with your provider, for example, OPENSESAME.
defaultValues.itemFailureStatus[default]	This is the default value for failure status of learning items created from importing MOOC content. The bracket default is what the system falls back to if you do not include the provider name, for example, OPENSESAME. To do so, simply copy the property and replace 'default' with your provider, for example, OPENSESAME.
defaultValues.reviewable[default]	This is the default value for the flag that enables a learning item to be reviewable. The bracket default is what the system falls back to if you do not include the provider name, for example, OPENSESAME. To do so, simply copy the property and replace 'default' with your provider, for example, OPENSESAME.
defaultValues.markCompleteOnLaunch[default]	This is the default value for the mark complete on launch flag for learning items created form MOOC content. If you are tracking completion status, we recommend you set to <b>true</b> in this release. The bracket default is what the system falls back to if you do not include the provider name, for example, OPEN-SESAME. To do so, simply copy the property and replace 'default' with your provider, for example, OPENSESAME.

#### **Related Information**

Open Content Network Content Synchronization [page 34]

# 8.3 Open Content Network Content Synchronization

We use an Automatic Process Manager (APM) to sync the catalogs of Open Content Network (OCN) providers with the Learning Management System (LMS).

When the *Open Content Network Content Synchronization* APM runs, it finds courses in your enabled MOOC provider catalogs and synchronizes those course listings with your system. The properties that control this process are set in System Admin Configuration System Configuration OPEN CONTENT NETWORK.

After synchronization, you can see the providers' courses in Learning Content Network

#### **Related Information**

OPEN CONTENT NETWORK System Property File [page 30]

## 8.4 SAP SuccessFactors Learning Currencies

SAP SuccessFactors Learning currencies is the set of currencies that you can use specifically for SAP SuccessFactors Learning commerce.

SAP SuccessFactors Learning currencies allow you to charge for learning in the users' local currencies and to account for costs in multiple currencies. Activate the currencies for economies where you operate and where you need financial transactions for SAP SuccessFactors Learning. Financial transactions that rely on currencies include charge back adjustments, order management, master inventory, cancellation policies, and account codes.

#### i Note

The currency names and alphabetical codes are based on ISO 4217. For a complete list of the currency names and code elements, go to the ISO official web site.

Manage currencies in Reference System Admin Currencies .

## 8.5 Content Object Launch Methods

View this section if you want to know about content object launch methods.

Understanding content object launch methods will aid you in determining the appropriate content player in Content Dijects Launch Method to launch the content object.

Table 7:

Programmatic Code	Launch Method	ls used as follows
0	Content Player	The player is generally installed on a common internal server, though this technology is seldom used in modern courseware.

Programmatic Code	Launch Method	ls used as follows
1	Document Type	The operating system determines the player for this content, based upon the file types and associations that are registered with the operating system.
2	AICC	Establishes the proper connection between SAP SuccessFactors Learning and the AICC courseware. All AICC content objects should be Web browser-based.
3	Browser	The system utilizes the user's browser to launch and run the selected content object. The content object is opened in a new web browser if you check the Launch in a New Browser Window option. If the content object is opened in the same browser window, the URL must be secure using HTTPS.
4	SCORM 1.2 (Sharable Content Object Reference Model)	Establishes the proper connection between SAP SuccessFactors Learning and the SCORM-based, version 1.2 courseware.
5	SCORM 2004 2nd and 3rd edition (Sharable Content Object Reference Model)	Establishes the proper connection between SAP SuccessFactors Learning and the SCORM-based, version 2004, 2nd and 3rd edition courseware.
6	SCORM 2004 4th edition (Sharable Content Object Reference Model)	Establishes the proper connection between SAP SuccessFactors Learning and the SCORM-based, version 2004, 4th edition courseware.

# 8.6 Locale Codes for SAP SuccessFactors Learning

These are the IDs of locales for SAP SuccessFactors Learning.

#### Table 8:

The code in SAP SuccessFactors Learning	ISO Language Code	ISO Country Code
Arabic	ar	SA

The code in SAP SuccessFactors Learning	ISO Language Code	ISO Country Code
Brazilian Portuguese	pt	BR
Bulgarian	bg	
Chinese	zh	
Chinese Hong Kong	zh	нк
Croatian	hr	
Chinese Taiwan	zh	TW
Czech	cs	
Danish	da	
Dutch	nl	
English	en	
English Canadian	en	CA
English United Kingdom	en	GB
Finnish	fi	
French	fr	
French Canadian	fr	CA
German	de	
Hebrew	iw	IL
Hindi	hi	
Hungarian	hu	
Indonesian	in	
Italian	it	
Japanese	ja	
Greek	el	
Korean	ko	
Malay	ms	

The code in SAP SuccessFactors Learning	ISO Language Code	ISO Country Code
Norwegian	no	
Polish	pl	
Portuguese	pt	
Romanian	ro	
Russian	ru	
Serbian	sr	
Slovak	sk	
Slovenian	sl	
Spanish	es	
Spanish Mexican	es	MX
Swedish	sv	
Thai	th	
Turkish	tr	
Ukrainian	uk	UA
Vietnamese	vi	
Welsh	су	GB

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